



# GLAST Burst Monitor

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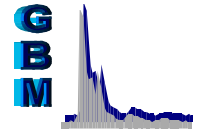
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# GBM Mission Statement

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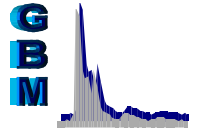


**The mission of the GLAST Burst Monitor (GBM) is to enhance the science return of the Gamma Ray Large Area Space Telescope (GLAST) mission in the study of gamma-ray bursts. The GBM will detect bursts over a large solid angle and will continually measure the spectra of bursts over a wide energy band and with high temporal resolution. It will also determine the directions to the bursts to allow optional repointing of the observatory.**



## GBM Management and Science Team

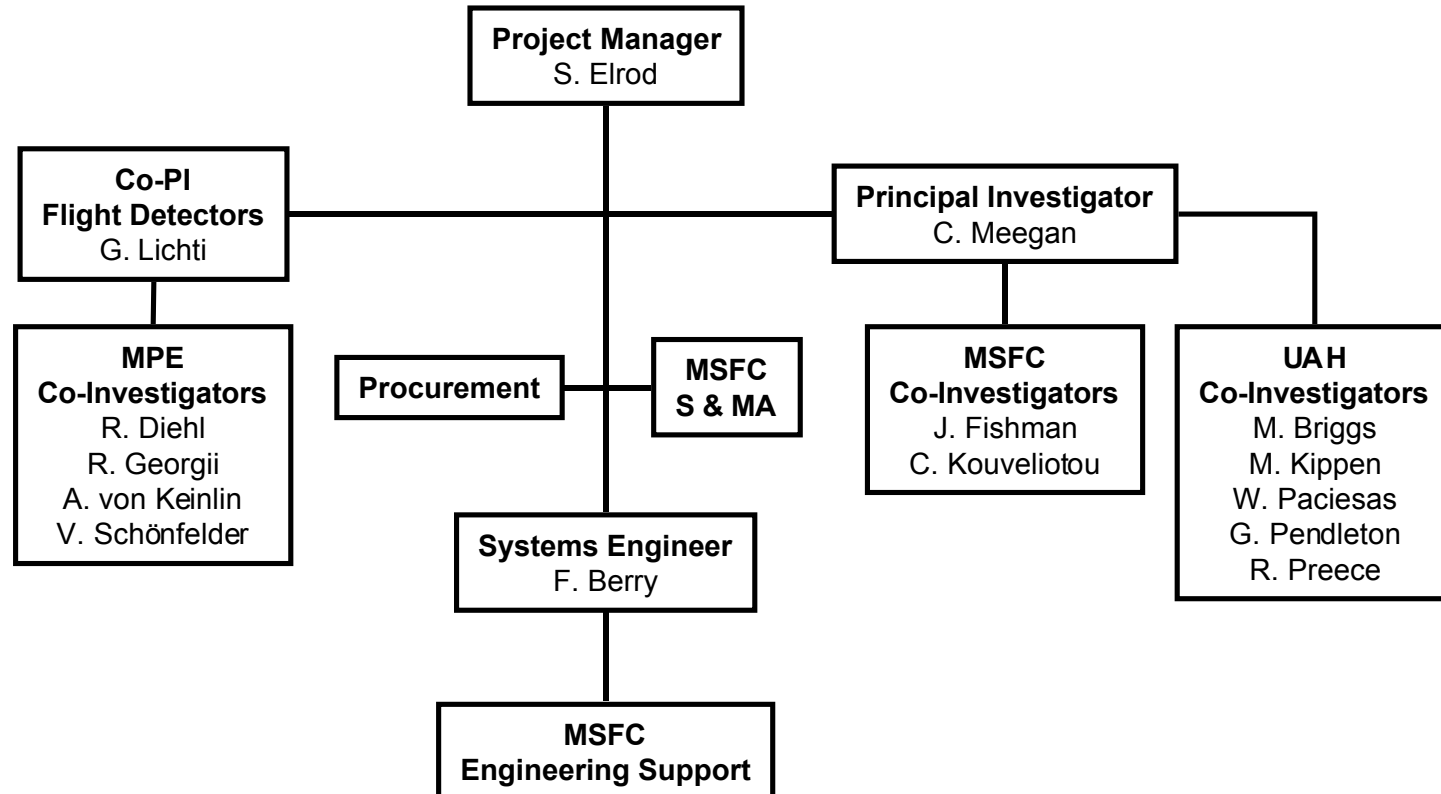
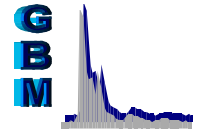
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- **Principal Investigator - Dr. Charles Meegan, MSFC**
- **Co-Principal Investigator - Dr. Giseller Lichti, MPE**
- **Project Manager - Stephen Elrod, MSFC**
- **Systems Engineer - Fred Berry, MSFC**
- **Co-Investigators (MSFC) - Dr. Jerry Fishman, Dr. Chryssa Kouveliotou**
- **Co-Investigators (MPE) - Dr. Robert Georgii, Dr. Andreas von Keinlin, Dr. Roland Diehl, Dr. Volker Schönfelder**
- **Co-Investigators (UAH) - Dr. William Paciesas, Dr. Geoff Pendleton, Dr. Robert Preece, Dr. Marc Kippen, Dr. Michael Briggs**

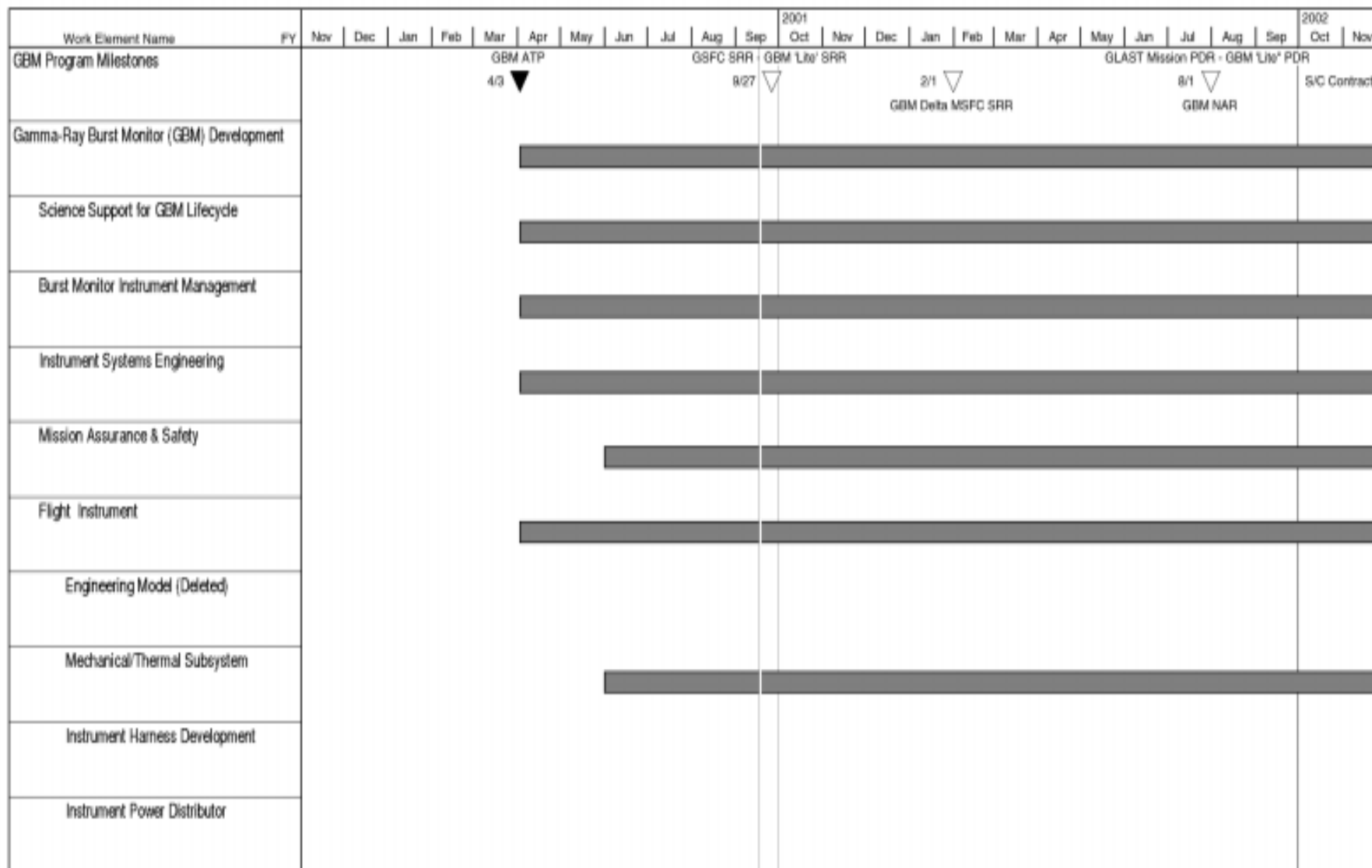
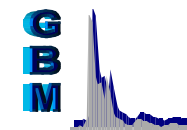


# Organizational Chart



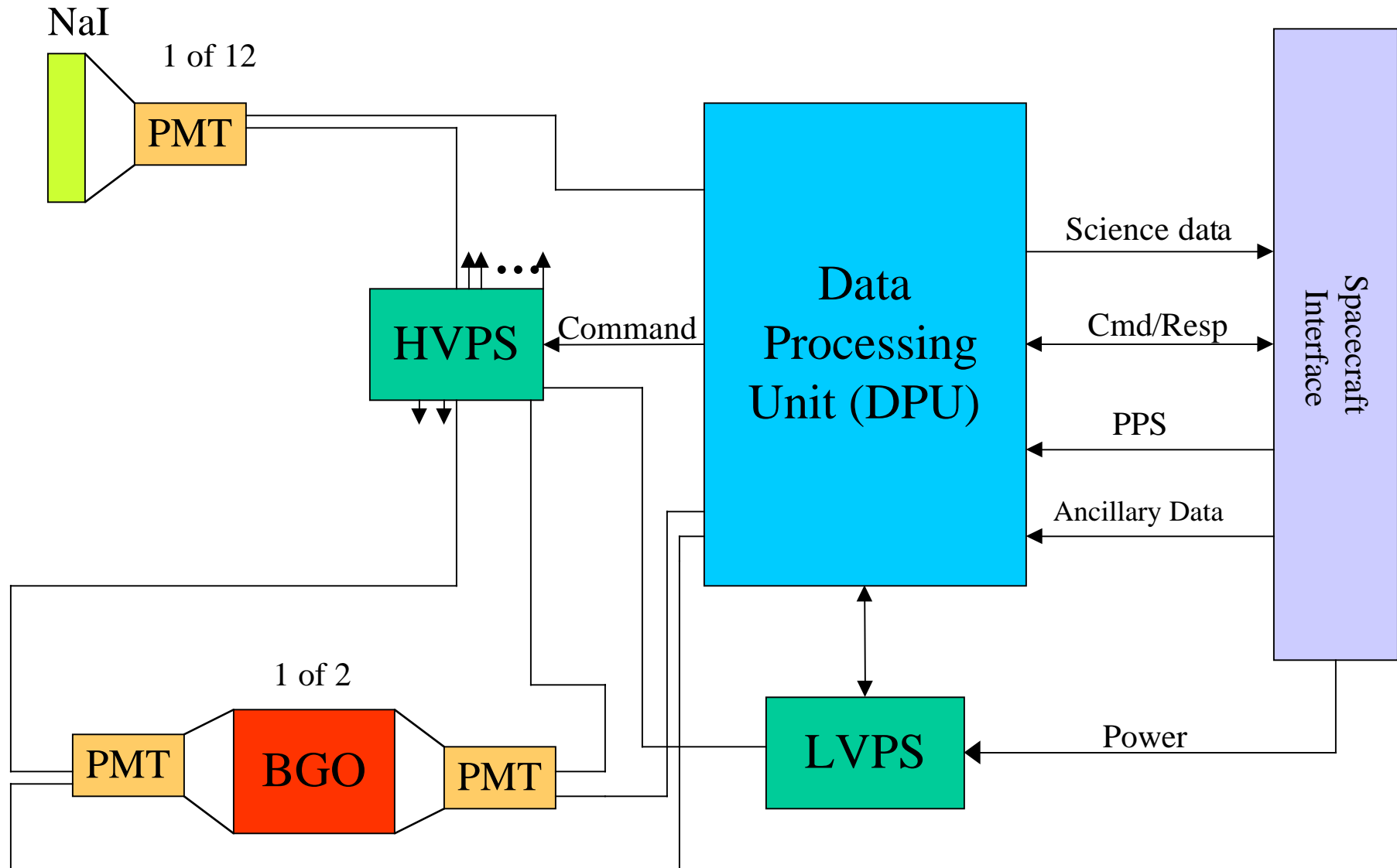
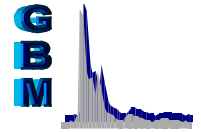


# GBM Near Term Schedule



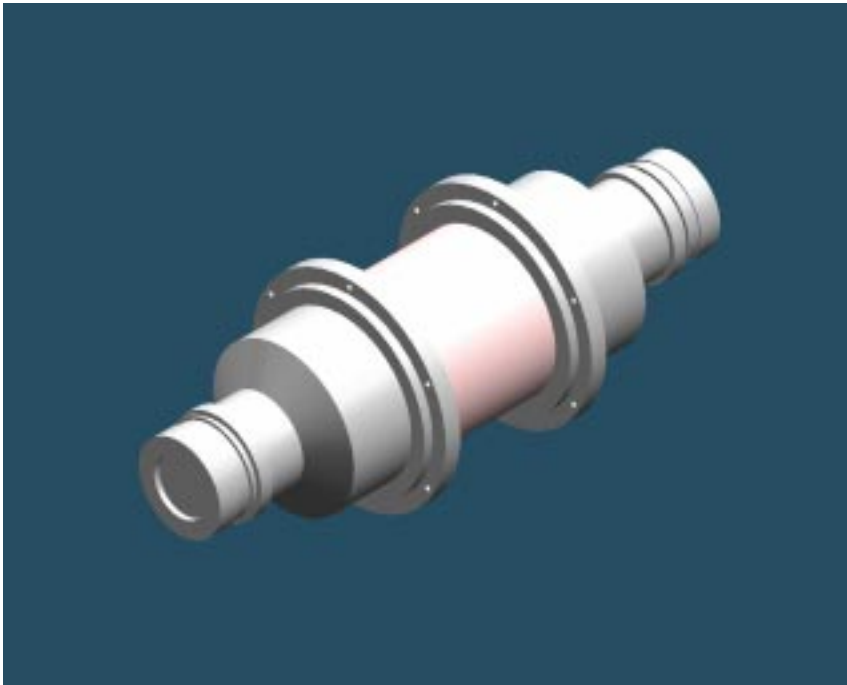
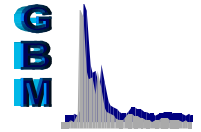


# GBM Functional Block Diagram





## GBM Detector Concept Drawings



**BGO Detector**



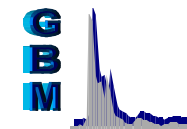
**NaI Detector**







# Power Estimate for GBM

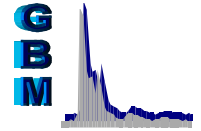


					Contingency	
		Watts	Number	Total Watts	%	Watts
<b>PMT (incl. Bleeder string &amp; Preamp):</b>						
	<b>NaI</b>	0.3	<b>12</b>	<b>3.6</b>	25%	0.9
	<b>BGO</b>	0.6	<b>2</b>	<b>1.2</b>	25%	0.3
<b>DPU:</b>		10	<b>1</b>	<b>10.0</b>	100%	10.0
<b>HVPS:</b>		5	<b>1</b>	<b>5.0</b>	25%	1.3
<b>LVPS:</b>		2	<b>2</b>	<b>4.0</b>	25%	1.0
<b>Thermal Hardware:</b>		0.2	<b>16</b>	<b>3.2</b>	100%	3.2
(Heater, radiator)				=====		
			<b>Total</b>	<b>27.0</b>		
<b>Contingency</b>		<b>16.7</b>		<b>16.7</b>		
<b>Total with Contingency.</b>				<b>43.7</b>		
		<b>Allocation</b>		<b>50.0</b>		
		<b>Margin</b>		<b>6.4</b>		



# GBM Requirements Verification

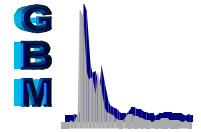
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- **GBM is using a standard MSFC Requirements, Verification and Compliance (RVC) database.**
- **Each requirement is numbered and categorized.**
- **Verification method and description captured on same page.**
- **Compliance data either referenced or stored electronically in data base.**
- **Non conformances summarized and referenced in database, and dispositioned by the GBM configuration control board.**



# GBM Sample Verification Sheet



FileMaker Pro - [GBMrequirementsDB[4][1].fp5]

File Edit View Insert Format Records Scripts Window Help

Home page Intro-duction Acronym Abbrev App Docs RVC Index Reqs List Rationale History Verif Sort Compl Form Compl Status Sort

Reqs, V... 98

Records: 98

Semi-sorted

MSFC-RQMT-TBD

**Requirement**

Requirement Number Requirement Title Multiple Verifications

Requirement

Parent Req't Source & No. Child Req't Source & No. Table/Figure

**Verification**

Verification Method Verification Location

Verification Description

**Criteria/Specifications**

**Compliance**

Compliance Data Non Conformances

Compliance Data Contacts Comments/Remarks

**Status**

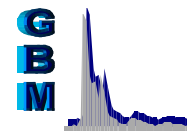
Status Comments Open ☐ Closed ☐ N/A ☐

100 Browse NUM

For Help, press F1



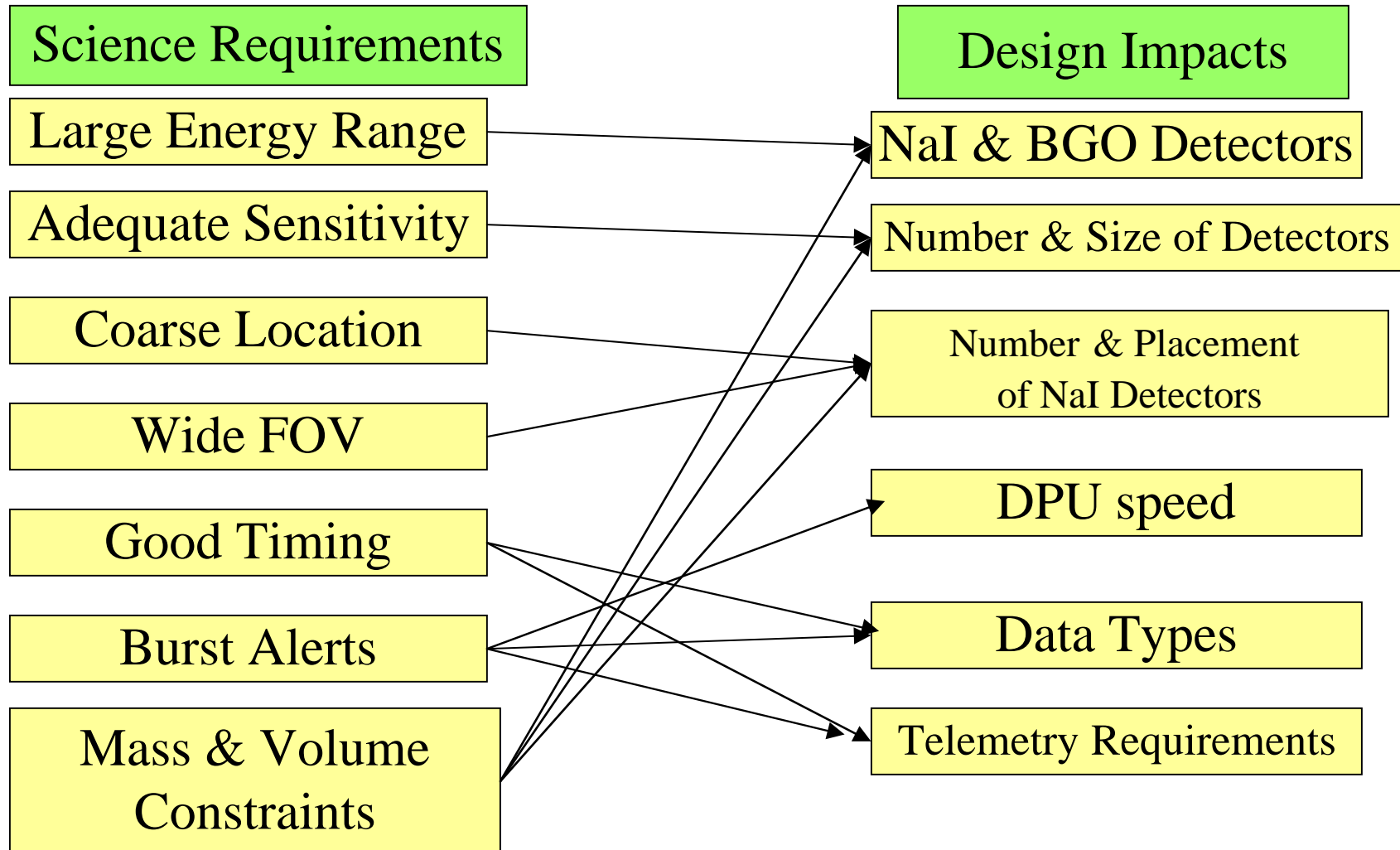
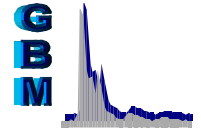
# GBM System Level Performance Requirements



Title	Requirement	Goal
Energy Range	10 keV – 25 MeV	5 keV – 30 MeV
Energy Resolution	20% FWHM at 511 keV	
On-board Burst Locations	20 degrees within 2 s	10 degrees within 1 s
Ground Burst Locations	5 degrees computed in 5 s	3 degrees computed in 1 s
Final Burst Locations	3 degrees computed in 1 day	
Sensitivity ( $5\sigma$ )	0.5 photons $\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$	0.3 photons $\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
Field of View	8 steradians	10 steradians



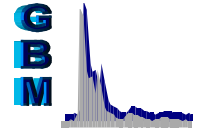
## Effects of Requirements on Design





# GBM Detector Mounting

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## NaI detectors:

The direction to any point in the sky within 120 degrees (TBC) of the +Z axis shall be  $< 80$  degrees (TBC) from the normal vectors of at least 3 unobstructed non-collinear NaI detectors, with 95% probability. The goal is 4 unobstructed non-collinear detectors with 100% probability. Solar panels are not considered to be an obstruction.

The angle between the normals of any two NaI detectors shall be  $> 25$  degrees (TBC).

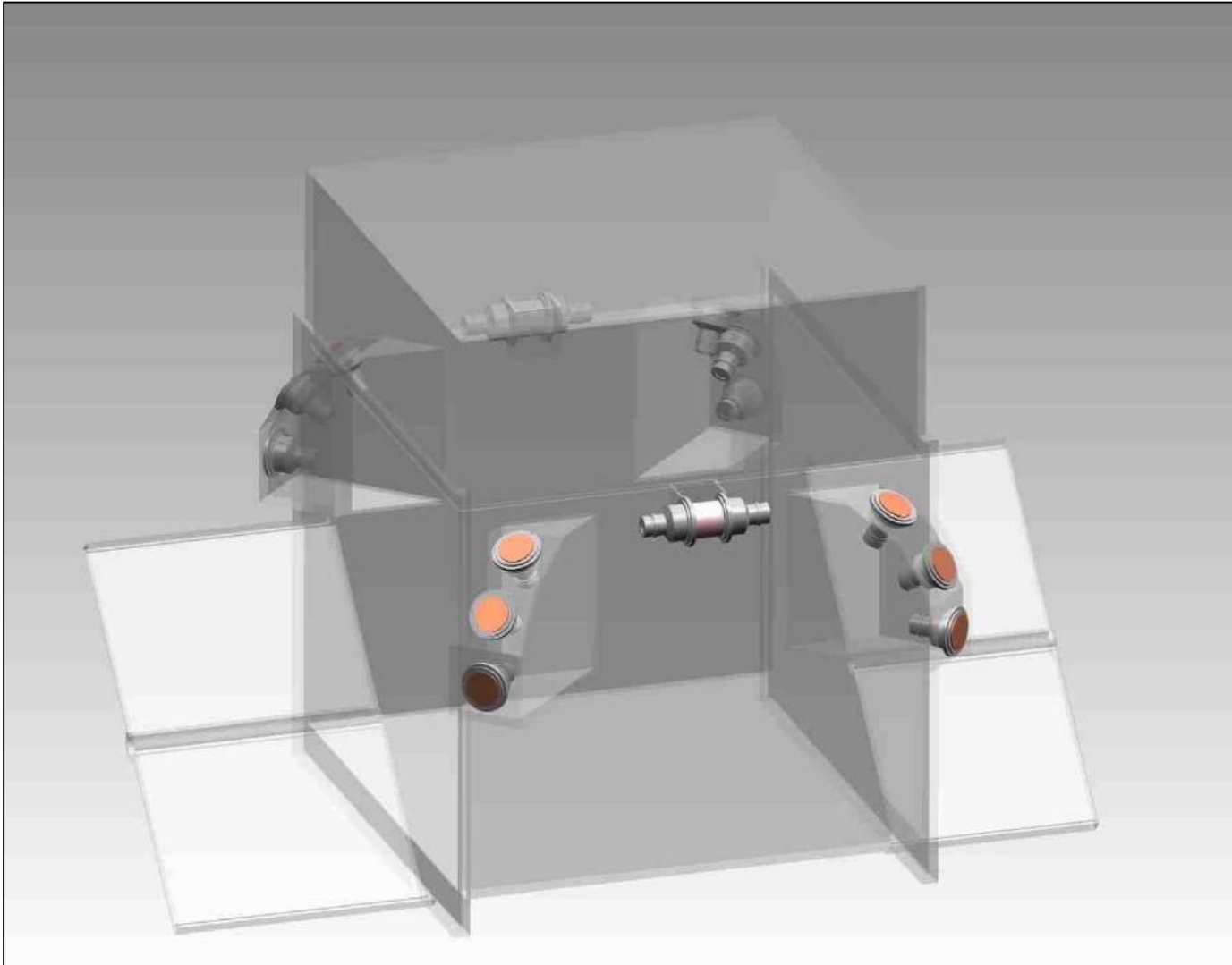
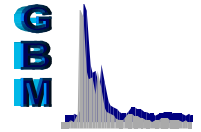
## BGO Detectors:

At least one unobstructed BGO detector must be visible from any point in the sky within 150 degrees (TBC) of the +Z axis, with 95 % probability. The goal is 100% probability over all directions. Solar panels are not considered to be an obstruction.

The axis of symmetry of the BGO detectors should be perpendicular to the Z axis.

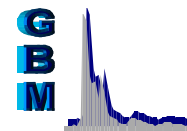


# GBM Detector Placement Concept





# GBM Detector Performance Requirements

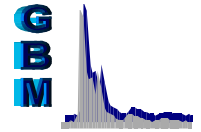


Title	Requirement	Goal
Effective Area for Locations	>110 cm <sup>2</sup> at 122 keV, on axis	
	>90 cm <sup>2</sup> , 40 to 400 keV, on axis	
	>45% of on axis at 60 degrees	
Effective Area for Spectra – low E	>100 cm <sup>2</sup> at 14 keV, on axis	> 50 cm <sup>2</sup> at 6 keV, on axis
	>40 cm <sup>2</sup> at 14 keV, up to 60°	> 15 cm <sup>2</sup> at 6 keV, up to 60°
Effective Area for Spectra – high E	>80 cm <sup>2</sup> , at 1.8 MeV, up to 90°	
Spectral Resolution	<35 % FWHM at 14 keV	< 22% HWHM at 6 keV
	<20 % FWHM at 60 keV	
	<11 % FWHM at 662 keV	
	<7 % FWHM at 1.8 MeV	
Gain Stability	2% over 1.5 hours	





# GBM DPU Performance Requirements

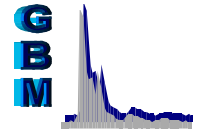


<b>Title</b>	<b>Requirement</b>	<b>Goal</b>
Peak Rate performance	$10^5$ cps per detector, $6 \times 10^5$ cps total	
Dynamic Range	200:1	300:1
Linearity	1%	
Automatic Gain Control	Monitor 511 keV line and adjust HV	
Burst Trigger	16 ms integrations	
CTIME data	8 channels, 0.512 s	Adjustable to 0.128 s
CSPEC data	128 channels, 8.192 s	Adj. to 2.048 s
TTE data	250,000 events pre-trigger	500,000 events pre-trigger
Housekeeping data		Deadtime counters



## GBM Requirements Issues

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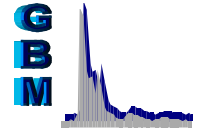


- **System linearity and stability need further study**
- **DPU redundancy/cost trades**
- **DPU/Spacecraft Interface**
  - Small increase in telemetry buffer can achieve goal of science enhancement
  - Max Spacecraft Bus Rate affects TTE Buffer
- **Trigger alerts need to be coordinated with LAT team**
- **Requirements levied on GLAST project**
  - Observatory mass model
  - Spacecraft simulator
  - TBD spacecraft level radioactive source calibration
- **Detector Mounting – Thermal, FOV, Mechanical**

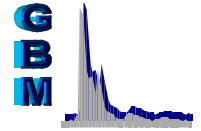


# GBM Ground Support System (pre-launch)

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- **Purpose**
  - System test & calibration
  - S/C integration & test
- **Functions**
  - Receive & store data
  - Monitor detector rates, housekeeping, status
  - Display & analyze detector spectra
  - Generate & transmit instrument commands
  - Simulate detector response
- **Capabilities**
  - Process/store >95% of real-time packets
  - Transportability
  - Critical custom components redundant
  - DPU interface
  - GLAST S/C interface
    - S/C simulator required



## Instrument Operations Center

- **Purpose**
  - Instrument operations
  - Data archival
  - Primary data analysis
- **Functions**
  - Process data, level 1  $\rightarrow$  2
  - Maintain flight S/W
  - Monitor detector calibration
  - Monitor detector rates, housekeeping, status
  - Locate GRBs
  - Deconvolve GRB spectra
    - Mass Model required
- **Functions (continued)**
  - Generate/transmit instrument commands
  - Compute GRB peak flux, fluence, duration
  - Produce and deliver high-level data
  - Interface to GLAST MOC/SSC
  - Autonomous GRB location software for MOC